Draw a titration curve for the titration of 300 mM NaOH into 500 mL of 26 mM pyrimidium (pka 5.25). sure to label the x and y axis for the three important points we talked about in class.	Make

Calculate the pH if 15 mL of 250 mM NaOH is added to 750 mL of 20 mM pyridium.
Calculate the pH if 25 mL of 1.00 M HCl is added to a solution 200 mL of 300 mM pyridinium buffered at pH 6.0.

Draw a titration curve for the titration of 300 mM NaOH into 500 mL of 26 mM pyrimidium (pka 5.25). Make sure to label the x and y axis for the three important points we talked about in class.

0.5L | 0.02cmol = 0.013mol HA

10<sup>-5.25</sup> 
$$\frac{x^2}{0.026-x}$$

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VQ /2 Es. Pt.

43.3-2 = 71.67 ML

PH @ 1/2 Eg. Pt

21.67ml 43.5ml

PH = PKa = 5.23

PH @ 
$$E_5$$
. Pz.

Moles Ac converted 2427

CA-J = 0.013 mol of HAC+ Na of Ac + H2 0  $\approx$  HAC+ 0

O.5 L + 0.0437

C - 4

Volume Ncooff

C dded

K=10-877- 42 M

$$C = X$$

$$K_{5} = 10^{-8.7} = \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1}{1000$$

Calculate the pH if 15 mL of 250 mM NaOH is added to 750 mL of 20 mM pyridium.

Calculate the pH if 25 mL of 1.00 M HCl is added to a solution 200 mL of 300 mM pyridinium buffered at pH 6.0.

0.025 mol HC1

Need to know initial amount of A-+ HA [A-] = 300- CHA]

$$6.0 = 5.25 + \log \frac{300 - HA}{HA}$$
  
 $5.623 = 300 - HA$   
 $HA$   
 $CHAJ = 45.29 MM$ 

CHA) = 0.0341mul = 0.152 M